
OpenStack-Ansible Documentation:

os_trove role

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OpenStack-Ansible Contributors

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This Ansible role installs Trove.

To clone or view the source code for this repository, visit the role repository for [os_trove](#).

CONFIGURING TROVE

Note: Care should be taken when deploying Trove in production environments. Be sure to fully understand the security implications of the deployed architecture.

Trove provides DBaaS to an OpenStack deployment. It deploys guest VMs that provide the desired DB for use by the end consumer. The trove guest VMs need connectivity back to the trove services via RPC (oslo.messaging) and the OpenStack services. The way these guest VM get access to those services could be via internal networking (in the case of oslo.messaging) or via public interfaces (in the case of OpenStack services). For the example configuration, we'll designate a provider network as the network for trove to provision on each guest VM. The guest can then connect to oslo.messaging via this network and to the OpenStack services externally. Optionally, the guest VMs could use the internal network to access OpenStack services, but that would require more containers being bound to this network.

The deployment configuration outlined below may not be appropriate for production environments. Review this very carefully with your own security requirements.

1.1 Setup a neutron network for use by trove

Trove needs connectivity between the control plane and the DB guest VMs. For this purpose a provider network should be created which bridges the trove containers (if the control plane is installed in a container) or hosts with VMs. In a general case, neutron networking can be a simple flat network. An example entry into `openstack_user_config.yml` is shown below:

```
- network:
  container_bridge: "br-dbaas"
  container_type: "veth"
  container_interface: "eth13"
  host_bind_override: "eth13"
  ip_from_q: "dbaas"
  type: "flat"
  net_name: "dbaas-mgmt"
  group_binds:
    - neutron_linuxbridge_agent
    - oslomsg_rpc
    - trove_all
```

Make sure to modify the other entries in this file as well.

The `net_name` will be the physical network that is specified when creating the neutron network. The default value of `dbaas-mgmt` is also used to lookup the addresses of the rpc messaging container. If the default is not used then some variables in `defaults/main.yml` will need to be overwritten.

By default this role will not create the neutron network automatically. However, the default values can be changed to create the neutron network. See the `trove_service_net_*` variable in `defaults/main.yml`. By customizing the `trove_service_net_*` variables and having this role create the neutron network a full deployment of the OpenStack and DBaaS can proceed without interruption or intervention.

The following is an example how to set up a provider network in neutron manually, if so desired:

```
neutron net-create dbaas_service_net --shared \  
                                     --provider:network_type flat \  
                                     --provider:physical_network dbaas-mgmt  
  
neutron subnet-create dbaas_service_net 172.29.252.0/22 --name dbaas_service_  
→subnet  
                                     --ip-version=4 \  
                                     --allocation-pool start=172.29.252.110,end=172.29.255.  
→255 \  
                                     --enable-dhcp \  
                                     --dns-nameservers list=true 8.8.4.4 8.8.8.8
```

Special attention needs to be applied to the `--allocation-pool` to not have ips which overlap with ips assigned to hosts or containers (see the `used_ips` variable in `openstack_user_config.yml`)

Note: This role needs the neutron network created before it can run properly since the trove guest agent configuration file contains that information.

1.2 Building Trove images

When building disk image for the guest VM deployments there are many items to consider. Listed below are a few:

1. Security of the VM and the network infrastructure
2. What DBs will be installed
3. What DB services will be supported
4. How will the images be maintained

Images can be built using the `diskimage-builder` tooling. The trove virtual environment can be tar'd up from the trove containers and deployed to the images using custom `diskimage-builder` elements.

See the `trove/integration/scripts/files/elements` directory contents in the OpenStack Trove project for `diskimage-builder` elements to build trove disk images.

1.3 Use stand-alone RabbitMQ

Since Trove uses RabbitMQ to interact with guest servers it requires you to pass the neutron network into the RabbitMQ container which is a security risk. As a result, you might want to isolate Trove from other services in terms of the RabbitMQ cluster and use a standalone one.

In order to deploy new RabbitMQ cluster and use it for Trove, you will need to:

1. Create a new group for RabbitMQ containers. You will need to create a file inside `/etc/openstack_deploy/env.d` which defines group mappings

```
component_skel:
  trove_rabbitmq:
    belongs_to:
      - trove_mq_all

container_skel:
  trove_rabbit_container:
    belongs_to:
      - trove-mq_containers
    contains:
      - trove_rabbitmq

physical_skel:
  trove-mq_containers:
    belongs_to:
      - all_containers
  trove-mq_hosts:
    belongs_to:
      - hosts
```

2. Define on which hosts this group will be deployed. This can be done either with a new file in `conf.d` or inside `openstack_user_config.yml`

```
trove-mq_hosts:
  aiol:
    ip: 172.29.236.100
```

3. Add to the dbaas network mapping for the new group:

```
- network:
  container_bridge: "br-dbaas"
  container_type: "veth"
  container_interface: "eth14"
  host_bind_override: "eth14"
  ip_from_q: "dbaas"
  type: "flat"
  net_name: "dbaas-mgmt"
  group_binds:
    - neutron_linuxbridge_agent
    - oslomsg_rpc
    - trove_rabbitmq
```

1. Create overrides for dedicated rabbitmq containers, ie /etc/openstack_deploy/group_vars/trove_rabbitmq.yml

```
rabbitmq_cluster_name: trove
rabbitmq_cookie_token: <token>
rabbitmq_monitoring_password: <password>
```

2. Create overrides for trove service containerns, ie /etc/openstack_deploy/group_vars/trove_all.yml

Note: For notifications we still want to use main RabbitMQ cluster

```
oslmsg_rpc_host_group: trove_rabbitmq
oslmsg_rpc_servers: "{{ groups[oslmsg_rpc_host_group] | map(
  ↪'extract', hostvars, 'ansible_host') | list | join(',') }}"
trove_guest_oslmsg_notify_servers: "{{ rabbitmq_servers }}"
```

3. Run playbooks to create rabbitmq containers and deploy cluster on them

```
openstack-ansible playbooks/lxc-containers-create.yml --limit_
  ↪trove_rabbitmq,lxc_hosts
openstack-ansible playbooks/rabbitmq-install.yml -e rabbitmq_
  ↪host_group=trove_rabbitmq
```

DEFAULT VARIABLES

```
#
# (c) 2016 Donovan Francesco <donovan.francesco@is.co.za>
# (c) 2016 Paul Stevens <paul.stevens@is.co.za>

#python venv executable
trove_venv_python_executable: "{{ openstack_venv_python_executable | default(
↪'python3') }}"

# Set the host which will execute the shade modules
# for the service setup. The host must already have
# clouds.yaml properly configured.
trove_service_setup_host: "{{ openstack_service_setup_host | default(
↪'localhost') }}"
trove_service_setup_host_python_interpreter: "{{ openstack_service_setup_host_
↪python_interpreter | default((trove_service_setup_host == 'localhost') |_
↪ternary(ansible_playbook_python, ansible_facts['python']['executable'])) }}"

trove_package_state: "{{ package_state | default('latest') }}"

debug: false
trove_system_group_name: trove
trove_system_user_name: trove
trove_system_user_comment: Trove System User
trove_system_user_shell: /bin/false
trove_system_user_home: "/var/lib/{{ trove_system_user_name }}"
trove_log_directory: /var/log/trove
trove_etc_directory: /etc/trove

trove_service_name: trove
trove_service_user_name: trove
trove_service_type: database
trove_service_description: "OpenStack DBaaS (Trove)"
trove_service_project_name: service
trove_service_admin_role_names:
  - admin
trove_service_region: "{{ service_region | default('RegionOne') }}"
trove_service_endpoint_type: internal
trove_service_host: "{{ openstack_service_bind_address | default('0.0.0.0') }}"
↪"
```

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```

trove_service_port: 8779
trove_service_proto: http
trove_service_publicuri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_publicuri_proto |
↳ default(trove_service_proto) }}"
trove_service_internaluri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_internaluri_proto |
↳ default(trove_service_proto) }}"
trove_service_adminuri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_adminuri_proto |
↳ default(trove_service_proto) }}"
trove_service_publicurl: "{{ trove_service_publicuri_proto }}://{{ external_
↳ lb_vip_address }}:{{ trove_service_port }}/v1.0/(tenant_id)s"
trove_service_internalurl: "{{ trove_service_internaluri_proto }}://{{
↳ internal_lb_vip_address }}:{{ trove_service_port }}/v1.0/(tenant_id)s"
trove_service_adminurl: "{{ trove_service_adminuri_proto }}://{{ internal_lb_
↳ vip_address }}:{{ trove_service_port }}/v1.0/(tenant_id)s"
trove_auth_url: "{{ keystone_service_internalurl }}"

trove_service_in_ldap: "{{ service_ldap_backend_enabled | default(False) }}"

trove_profiler_enabled: false

## Cap the maximum number of threads / workers when a user value is
↳ unspecified.
trove_api_workers_max: 16
trove_api_workers: "{{ [(ansible_facts['processor_vcpus']//ansible_facts[
↳ 'processor_threads_per_core'])|default(1), 1] | max * 2, trove_api_workers_
↳ max] | min }}"

# uWSGI settings
trove_wsgi_threads: 1
trove_use_uwsgi: True

## Cap the maximum number of threads / workers when a user value is
↳ unspecified.
trove_conductor_workers_max: 16
trove_conductor_workers: "{{ [(ansible_facts['processor_vcpus']//ansible_
↳ facts['processor_threads_per_core'])|default(1), 1] | max * 2, trove_
↳ conductor_workers_max] | min }}"

# Enable/Disable Ceilometer
trove_ceilometer_enabled: "{{ (groups['ceilometer_all'] is defined) and
↳ (groups['ceilometer_all'] | length > 0) }}"

trove_pip_install_args: "{{ pip_install_options | default(') }}"

# Name of the virtual env to deploy into
trove_venv_tag: "{{ venv_tag | default('untagged') }}"
trove_bin: "/openstack/venvs/trove-{{ trove_venv_tag }}/bin"

trove_git_repo: "https://opendev.org/openstack/trove"

```

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```

trove_git_install_branch: master
trove_upper_constraints_url: "{{ requirements_git_url | default('https://
↳releases.openstack.org/constraints/upper/' ~ requirements_git_install_
↳branch | default('master')) }}"
trove_git_constraints:
  - "--constraint {{ trove_upper_constraints_url }}"

# Database vars
trove_db_setup_host: "{{ openstack_db_setup_host | default('localhost') }}"
trove_db_setup_python_interpreter: "{{ openstack_db_setup_python_interpreter_
↳| default((trove_db_setup_host == 'localhost') | ternary(ansible_playbook_
↳python, ansible_facts['python']['executable'])) }}"
trove_galera_address: "{{ galera_address | default('127.0.0.1') }}"
trove_galera_database_name: trove
trove_galera_user: trove
trove_galera_use_ssl: "{{ galera_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
trove_galera_ssl_ca_cert: "{{ galera_ssl_ca_cert | default('') }}"
trove_galera_port: "{{ galera_port | default('3306') }}"
trove_galera_connection_string: "mysql+pymysql://{{ trove_galera_user }}:{{
↳trove_galera_password }}@{{ trove_galera_address }}:{{ trove_galera_port }}/
↳{{ trove_galera_database_name }}?charset=utf8{% if trove_galera_use_ssl |
↳bool %}&ssl_verify_cert=true{% if trove_galera_ssl_ca_cert | length > 0 %}&
↳ssl_ca={{ trove_galera_ssl_ca_cert }}{% endif %}{% endif %}"
trove_db_max_overflow: "{{ openstack_db_max_overflow | default('50') }}"
trove_db_max_pool_size: "{{ openstack_db_max_pool_size | default('5') }}"
trove_db_pool_timeout: "{{ openstack_db_pool_timeout | default('30') }}"
trove_db_connection_recycle_time: "{{ openstack_db_connection_recycle_time |
↳default('600') }}"

## Oslo Messaging vars
# RPC
trove_oslomsg_rpc_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_host_group | default('rabbitmq_
↳all') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_setup_host: "{{ (trove_oslomsg_rpc_host_group in groups) |
↳ternary(groups[trove_oslomsg_rpc_host_group][0], 'localhost') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_transport: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_transport | default('rabbit') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_servers: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_servers | default('127.0.0.1') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_port: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_port | default('5672') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_use_ssl: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_userid: trove
trove_oslomsg_rpc_vhost: /trove
trove_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version | default('TLSv1_2
↳') }}"
trove_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file | default('') }}"

# Notify
trove_oslomsg_notify_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_notify_host_group | default(
↳'rabbitmq_all') }}"
trove_oslomsg_notify_setup_host: "{{ (trove_oslomsg_notify_host_group in
↳groups) | ternary(groups[trove_oslomsg_notify_host_group][0], 'localhost') }
↳}"

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trove_oslmsg_notify_transport: "{{ oslmsg_notify_transport | default('rabbit
↪') }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_servers: "{{ oslmsg_notify_servers | default('127.0.0.1
↪') }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_port: "{{ oslmsg_notify_port | default('5672') }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_use_ssl: "{{ oslmsg_notify_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_userid: "{{ trove_oslmsg_rpc_userid }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_password: "{{ trove_oslmsg_rpc_password }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_vhost: "{{ trove_oslmsg_rpc_vhost }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_ssl_version: "{{ oslmsg_notify_ssl_version | default(
↪'TLSv1_2') }}"
trove_oslmsg_notify_ssl_ca_file: "{{ oslmsg_notify_ssl_ca_file | default('
↪') }}"

## Qdrouterd integration
# TODO(ansmith): Change structure when more backends will be supported
trove_oslmsg_amqp1_enabled: "{{ trove_oslmsg_rpc_transport == 'amqp' }}"

# Specific pip packages provided by the user
trove_user_pip_packages: []

# Rabbit vars
trove_control_exchange: trove
trove_rabbit_notification_topic: notification

# The trove guest agent in the deployed DB VMs need access to OpenStack_
↪services (keystone, swift, etc)
# and also to rabbitmq. The way it gets access (networking) these services_
↪may differ.
# By default assume:
#   OpenStack services are accesses through public interfaces
#   Infrastructure services (rabbitmq) are accessed through the defined_
↪provider network.
#
# The value of 'net_name' field of the provider network network to use for_
↪infrastructure services
trove_provider_net_name: dbaas-mgmt
trove_provider_network: "{{ provider_networks|map(attribute='network
↪')|selectattr('net_name','defined')|selectattr('net_name', 'equalto', trove_
↪provider_net_name)|list|first }}"
# The name of the network interface
trove_provider_net_iface: "{{ (is_metal | bool) | ternary(trove_provider_
↪network['container_bridge'], trove_provider_network['container_interface'])_
↪ }}"
trove_guest_endpoint_type: public
trove_guest_rpc_host_group: "{{ oslmsg_rpc_host_group | default('rabbitmq_all
↪') }}"
trove_guest_oslmsg_rpc_servers: "{{ groups[trove_guest_rpc_host_group] | map(
↪'extract', hostvars, 'ansible_facts') | map(attribute=trove_provider_net_
↪iface | replace('-', '_')) | map(attribute='ipv4.address') | join(' ') }}"

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trove_guest_oslmsg_rpc_use_ssl: "{{ oslmsg_rpc_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
trove_guest_notify_host_group: "{{ oslmsg_notify_host_group | default(
  ↳'rabbitmq_all') }}"
trove_guest_oslmsg_notify_servers: "{{ groups[trove_guest_notify_host_
  ↳group] | map('extract', hostvars, 'ansible_facts') | map(attribute=trove_
  ↳provider_net_iface | replace('-', '_')) | map(attribute='ipv4.address') |_
  ↳join(',') }}"
trove_guest_oslmsg_notify_use_ssl: "{{ oslmsg_notify_use_ssl |_
  ↳default(False) }}"

# Trove image settings.
# Set the directory where the downloaded images will be stored
# on the trove_service_setup_host host. If the host is localhost,
# then the user running the playbook must have access to it.
trove_image_local_path: "{{ lookup('env', 'HOME') }}/openstack-ansible/trove"
trove_image_path_owner: "{{ lookup('env', 'USER') }}"
## Example Glance Image - Fedora Atomic
# - name: ubuntu-bionic          #Name of the image in Glance
#   disk_format: qcow2          #Disk format (e.g. qcow2)
#   image_format: bare         #Image format
#   public: true                #Boolean - is the image public
#   file: https://tarballs.opendev.org/openstack/trove/images/trove-master-
  ↳guest-ubuntu-bionic.qcow2
#   tags:
#     - trove
#   checksum:
  ↳"sha256:9a5252e24b82a5edb1ce75b05653f59895685b0f1028112462e908a12deae518"
trove_guestagent_images: []

# For OpenStack services that have public, admin, and internal access, use_
  ↳the public ones for the guest VMs.
trove_guest_auth_url: "{{ keystone_service_publicurl }}"
trove_guest_swift_url: "{{ trove_service_publicuri_proto }}://{{ external_lb_
  ↳vip_address }}:{{ swift_proxy_port }}/v1/AUTH_"

trove_swift_enabled: "{{ (groups['swift_all'] is defined and groups['swift_all'
  ↳'] | length > 0) or (groups['ceph-rgw'] is defined and groups['ceph-rgw'] |_
  ↳length > 0) or (ceph_rgws is defined and ceph_rgws | length > 0) }}"
trove_designate_enabled: "{{ (groups['designate_all'] is defined and groups[
  ↳'designate_all'] | length > 0) }}"
trove_cinder_enabled: "{{ (groups['cinder_volume'] is defined and groups[
  ↳'cinder_volume'] | length > 0) }}"

trove_service_neutron_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"
trove_service_cinder_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"
trove_service_nova_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"
trove_service_glance_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"
trove_service_swift_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"

```

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```

trove_dns_domain_name: 'trove.com.'
trove_dns_domain_id: '00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000'
# Notification topics for designate.
trove_notifications_designate: notifications_designate

# Trove service network settings.
# These values are used when creating an OpenStack network to be used by
↳ Trove. By default the network will
# not be created.
trove_service_net_setup: False
trove_service_net_validate_certs: "False"
trove_service_net_phys_net: dbaas-mgmt
trove_service_net_type: flat
trove_service_net_name: dbaas_service_net
# Network segmentation ID if vlan, gre...
# trove_service_net_segmentation_id:
trove_service_subnet_name: dbaas_subnet
trove_service_net_subnet_cidr: "172.29.252.0/22"
trove_service_net_dhcp: "True"
trove_service_net_allocation_pool_start: "172.29.252.110"
trove_service_net_allocation_pool_end: "172.29.255.254"
trove_service_net_endpoint_type: "{{ trove_service_endpoint_type }}"

# UUID of security groups that will be attached to the management net of
↳ guests
trove_management_security_groups: []

# RPC encryption keys
# See the Trove documentation as to the significance of the rpc encryption
↳ keys
# Trove supplies default values but we enforce they not be left to their
↳ default values
trove_enable_secure_rpc_messaging: "True"
trove_required_secrets:
  - trove_galera_password
  - trove_oslmsg_rpc_password
  - trove_oslmsg_notify_password
  - trove_service_password
  - trove_admin_user_password
  - trove_taskmanager_rpc_encr_key
  - trove_inst_rpc_key_encr_key
  - trove_instance_rpc_encr_key

# Keystone AuthToken/Middleware
trove_keystone_auth_plugin: "{{ trove_keystone_auth_type }}"
trove_keystone_auth_type: password
trove_service_project_domain_name: Default
trove_service_user_domain_name: Default
trove_service_project_domain_id: default

```

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```
trove_service_user_domain_id: default

#Glance images
trove_glance_images: []

trove_pip_packages:
- cryptography
- os-client-config
- osprofiler
- pexpect
- PyMySQL
- pymemcache
- python-troveclient
- python-memcached
- systemd-python
- "git+{{ trove_git_repo }}@{{ trove_git_install_branch }}#egg=trove"

# Memcached override
trove_memcached_servers: "{{ memcached_servers }}"

trove_optional_oslomsg_amqp1_pip_packages:
- oslo.messaging[amqp1]

## Tunable overrides
trove_config_overrides: {}
trove_api_paste_ini_overrides: {}
trove_guestagent_config_overrides: {}
trove_policy_overrides: {}
trove_api_init_config_overrides: {}
trove_api_uwsgi_ini_overrides: {}
trove_conductor_init_config_overrides: {}
trove_taskmanager_init_config_overrides: {}

## Service Name-Group Mapping
trove_services:
  trove-api:
    group: trove_api
    service_name: trove-api
    execstarts: "{{ trove_bin }}/trove-api"
    init_config_overrides: "{{ trove_api_init_config_overrides }}"
    wsgi_app: "{{ trove_use_uwsgi }}"
    wsgi_name: trove-api-wsgi
    uwsgi_overrides: "{{ trove_api_uwsgi_ini_overrides }}"
    uwsgi_bind_address: "{{ trove_service_host }}"
    uwsgi_port: "{{ trove_service_port }}"
    start_order: 1
  trove-conductor:
    group: trove_conductor
    service_name: trove-conductor
```

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```
execstarts: "{{ trove_bin }}/trove-conductor"
init_config_overrides: "{{ trove_conductor_init_config_overrides }}"
start_order: 2
trove-taskmanager:
  group: trove_taskmanager
  service_name: trove-taskmanager
  execstarts: "{{ trove_bin }}/trove-taskmanager"
  init_config_overrides: "{{ trove_taskmanager_init_config_overrides }}"
  start_order: 3
```

DEPENDENCIES

This role needs pip ≥ 7.1 installed on the target host.

To use this role, define the following variables:

```
# Service and user passwords
trove_galera_password:
trove_rabbitmq_password:
trove_service_password:
trove_admin_user_password:

# Trove RPC encryption keys.
trove_taskmanager_rpc_encr_key:
trove_inst_rpc_key_encr_key:
trove_instance_rpc_encr_key:
```

This list is not exhaustive at present. See role internals for further details.

EXAMPLE PLAYBOOK

```
---  
- name: Install trove  
  hosts: all  
  user: root  
  roles:  
    - role: "os_trove"
```